

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of EPA New Zealand

## Section 1 - Identification

Product Name	Sodium Hydroxide Solution
[	
Product Code	ACR12426, ACR25986, AJA1387, AJA636, AJAA327, BSPA22, BSPA23, BSPVL712,
	FSBJ/7610, FSBJ/7620, FSBJ/7620C, FSBS/4930, FSBS/4950, FSBS/4955, FSBUSSS2541, FSBUSSS25420, FSBUSSS2544, HAC1045, HAC27430, PAUNAOH,
	PS00332341, PS003323420, PS00332344, RAC1045, RAC27430, PAUNAOH, PAUNAOH1, PAUNAOH1.5, PAUNAOH20%, PAUNAOH20, PAUNAOH32,
	PAUNAOH40, PAUNAOH40%, PAUNAOH8%, ROA0555, ROA0565, TCH105590,
	TCHS046, TNT872C, THC074533
Address	Thermo Fisher Scientific New Zealand Ltd
	244 Bush Road, Albany,
	Auckland, New Zealand
Emergency Tel.	CHEMTREC®
	09 980 6780 or +64 9 980 6780
Telephone / Fax Numbers	Tel: 09 980 6700
	Fax: 09 980 6788
E-mail address	NZinfo@thermofisher.com

Recommended Use

Laboratory chemicals.

## Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

### Classification under Work Safe New Zealand

#### 6.1D - Substances that are acutely toxic

8.1A - Substances that are corrosive to metal

8.2B - Substances that are corrosive to dermal tissue

8.3A - Substances that are corrosive to ocular tissue

9.1D - Substances that are slightly harmful in the aquatic environment or are otherwise designed for biocidal action

### Classified as hazardous according to criteria of EPA New Zealand

HSNO Approval Number

HSR001576

**GHS Classification** 

Physical hazards

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal

### Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

### Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Label Elements

Category 1

Category 1 A Category 1



Signal Word

Danger

### Hazard Statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H290 - May be corrosive to metals

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### Other information

No information available

### Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Water	7732-18-5	>70
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	<30

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation	Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.
Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
First Aid Facilities	Eyewash, safety shower and washroom.
Most important symptoms and effects	Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should

be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

**Notes to Physician** 

Treat symptomatically.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam.

### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

### Hazardous Combustion Products

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency procedures Ensure adequate ventilation. Environmental Precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

**Reference to Other Sections** Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Ensure adequate ventilation.

### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Corrosives area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

AS/NZS 2243.10:2004, Safety in laboratories - Storage of chemicals

### Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

### Exposure limits

NZ - Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices (6th edition). New Zealand Department of Labor

Component	New Zealand WEL
Sodium hydroxide	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

### Engineering Measures

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection

Goggles (Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye protectors for Industrial applications)

Hand Protection	on Protective gloves			
Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	AUS/NZ Standard	Glove comments
Neoprene.	See manufacturers	-	AS/NZS 2161	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Skin and body protection	Long sleeved clothing
Repiratory Protection	Use an AS/NZS 1716 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained in line with AS/NZS 1715 on the use and maintenance of repiratory protective devices
Recommended Filter type:	Particulates filter conforming to EN 143, Inorganic gases and vapours filter Type B Grey Ammonia and organic ammonia derivatives filter Type K Green conforming to EN14387 (or AUS/NZ equivalent)
Recommended half mask:-	Valve filtering: EN405 or Half mask: EN140 plus filter, EN 141 (or AUS/NZ equivalent) When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physical State	Colourless Solution	
Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	No information available No data available No data available >12 No data available No data available 100 °C / 212 °F Not applicable No data available No information available No data available	Method - No information available
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wa Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	No data available No data available No data available No data available Soluble in water No information available <b>ter)</b> No data available No data available No data available No information available No information available	(Air = 1.0)
<u>Other information</u> Molecular Formula Molecular Weight	NaOH 40	

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	None known, based on information available
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Heat, flames and sparks.
Hazardous Decomposition Product	<b>s</b> None under normal use conditions.

Hazardous Polymerization No information available.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Product Information	
(a) acute toxicity;	
Oral	

Dermal Inhalation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Sodium hydroxide		LD50 = 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 1 A		

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; (d) respiratory or skin sensitization;	Category 1		
Respiratory Skin	No data available No data available		
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available		
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available		
(g) reproductive toxicity; (h) STOT-single exposure;	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product No data available No data available		
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available		
Target Organs (j) aspiration hazard;	No information available. No data available		
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation		

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

### Ecotoxicity effects

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Sodium hydroxide	LC50: = 45.4 mg/L, 96h static (Oncorhynchus	EC50 = 40.4 mg/L, 48h (Daphnia sp.)	-	-
	mykiss)	(Daprinia sp.)		
Persistence and Degradability				
Persistence	Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.			
Bioaccumulative Potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely			
Mobility	The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils			
Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors			
Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance			
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance			

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all federal, E.P.A., state and local regulations. Assure conformity with all applicable regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
Other Information	Disposal agencies or waste contractors must comply with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

## Section 14 - Transport Information

	$\sim$
IMDG/IM	U.

UN-No	UN1824
Proper Shipping Name	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
Technical Shipping Name	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION Concentrated
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	

NZS 5433:2012

UN-No Proper Shipping Name Technical Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1824 SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION Concentrated 8 II				
Compo	nent	Hazchem Code			
Sodium hydroxide		2W			
1310-73-2 ( <30 )		2R			
IATA					
UN-No Proper Shipping Name Technical Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1824 SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION Concentrated 8 II				

Special Precautions No special precautions required

**Environmental hazards** 

No hazards identified

**Additional information** 

None known

## **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Component	HSNO Approval Number		
Sodium hydroxide	HSR001547		

International Inventories X = listed

Component	NZIoC	AICS	EINECS	ELINCS	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL
Water	Х	Х	231-791-	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	KE-3540
			2								0
Sodium hydroxide	Х	Х	215-185-	-	Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	KE-3148
			5								7

Prohibition or notification/licensing Shown below are details of specific prohibition/notifications or licencing requirements when they apply.

## Section 16 - Other Information

### This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of WorkSafe New Zealand Regulations

Legend

<ul> <li>AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances</li> <li>TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory</li> <li>DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List</li> <li>IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances</li> <li>PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances</li> <li>TWA - Time Weighted Average</li> <li>IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer</li> <li>ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association</li> <li>MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships</li> <li>NZS 5433:2012 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%</li> <li>EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals</li> <li>EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances</li> <li>ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances</li> <li>KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances</li> <li>CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service</li> <li>ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</li> <li>Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)</li> <li>IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code</li> <li>OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%</li> <li>ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate</li> <li>DECD - Despirative Destance Environmental Environmental Concentration Solution</li> </ul>
NZS 5433:2012 - Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land	
LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%	LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%
	,
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water	BCF - Bioconcentration factor
vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative	<b>PBT</b> - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
VOC (volatile organic compound)	

Key literature references and sources for data Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:Physical hazardsOn basis of test dataHealth HazardsCalculation methodEnvironmental hazardsCalculation method

### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Chemical incident response training.

Revision Date

10-Jul-2020

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

### **End of Safety Data Sheet**